# Section VI

Flow Do You Evaluate and Observe Co-Teaching?



## **EVALUATION AND OBSERVATION**

In order to improve your co-teaching and co-teaching relationships, it is important to evaluate them regularly. Co-teachers should complete the **Co-Teaching Evaluation Form**, (pages 72-73) each grade period. These forms are filled out **independently**. Upon completion the co-teachers meet and discuss the results and make adjustments accordingly.

When administrators observe a co-taught class, they should use a tool that reflects good co-teaching practices. Formal and informal **Co-Teaching Observation Forms** can be found on pages 77-81.

## **CO-TEACHING EVALUATION FORM**

Teac	her completing formDate				_	_
Co-teacher's nameGrading period_		eriod				_
	form should be completed, <u>independently</u> , by both co-teachers each grading potential makes and make adjustments accordingly. (clean of				2-7	73)
	oond to each statement by rating on a scale of 1-5: 1 representating NEVE 5 representing ALWAYS.	R				
1.	We plan on a regular basis.	1	2	3	4	5
2.	We both participate in the planning of the lessons.	1	2	3	4	5
3.	The specialist has a copy of the course curriculum standards and a teacher's manual.	1	2	3	4	5
4.	We follow classroom rules and routines.	1	2	3	4	5
5.	Both teachers share in the behavior management of the classroom.	1	2	3	4	5
6.	We use a variety of classroom management strategies.	1	2	3	4	5
7.	We share daily record keeping duties.	1	2	3	4	5
8.	We share in the grading of quizzes, tests, homework, etc.	1	2	3	4	5
9.	We assess students in a variety of ways.	1	2	3	4	5
10.	Both teachers demonstrate knowledge of individual student's accommodations/modifications.	1	2	3	4	5
11.	The accommodations/modifications have been followed and documented.	1	2	3	4	5
12.	We use a variety of instructional strategies to promote the success of all stude	ents. 1	2	3	4	5
13.	We use a variety of ways to co-teach. (i.e. rotation, parallel, grouping, team	n) 1	2	3	4	5
14.	Both teachers work with all students.	1	2	3	4	5
15.	We have successfully grouped disabled students with non-disabled peers.	1	2	3	4	5
16.	Both teachers participate in the instruction of the students on a daily basi	s 1	2	3	4	5
17.	We notify each other in advance in the event of an absence.	1	2	3	4	5
18.	Both teachers remain in the classroom the entire class period.	1	2	3	4	5
19.	We share parental contact responsibilities.	1	2	3	4	5
20.	We consistently address the class as "we" instead of "I".	1	2	3	4	5

CC	D-TEACHING EVALUATION FORM co	n't.
	ted on written correspondence. (syllabi, chedules, newsletters, etc.)	1 2 3 4 5
22. Each teacher has a to keep materials.	a designated place or area in the classroom in which	1 2 3 4 5
23. Students see us as	equal teaching partners.	1 2 3 4 5
24. Administrators see	e us as equal teaching partners.	1 2 3 4 5
1.	co-teaching partnership.	
	ement in your co-taught class during the next gradin	ng period.
2		

## **OBSERVING A CO-TAUGHT CLASS**

Observing a co-taught class is different than observing a class taught by one teacher; both teachers share in the delivery of instruction. The observer should use a form that shows evidence that both teachers have been involved in planning, instructing and assessing all students in the co-taught class. Below is a sample of a formal Co-Teaching Observation. For a clean copy of the **Co-Teaching Observation Form**, see pages 77-80.

## CO-TEACHING OBSERVATION FORM/FORMAL

Co-Teacher	Co-Teacher	
Subject		Grade
Observer		
Date and Time of Observation	Date and Time of Fo	ollow-up Conference
It is recommended that both co-teachers receive should inform the teachers on how this form w co-teaching relationship develops gradually and as they work with each other.	ill be used. Note: Every element liste	d may not be observed during one lesson. A
0 - not observed	1 - somewhat evident	2 - clearly evident

#### I. PLANNING/PREPARATION

A. Co-teachers show evidence of parity. (a desk or place for each teacher to keep materials, both names on materials sent home, on class rosters, syllabi, newsletters, on the door, etc.)	0	1	2
B. Co-teachers can provide a copy of IEP accommodations/modifications for students in their class.	0	1	2
C. A copy of the co-taught lesson plan is provided.	0	1	2

## **CO-TEACHING OBSERVATION FORM con't.**

0 - not observed

1 - somewhat evident

2 - clearly evident

## I. PLANNING/PREPARATION, con't

#### The lesson plan includes:

D. Appropriate academic standards and objectives for lessons consistent with the state's curriculum guidelines	0	1	2
E. Use of more than one way of co-teaching (refer to Ways to Co-Teach Quick Reference, page 47)	0	1	2
F. Planning for varied instructional strategies	0	1	2
G. Evidence that both teachers will be actively involved with instruction	0	1	2
H. Evidence of adaptations for individual student's needs (both enrichment and remediation)	0	1	2
I. Evidence of accommodations/modifications	0	1	2
J. Appropriate and clear assessments of student learning with adaptations, as needed	0	1	2

#### II. CLIMATE FOR LEARNING

## Both teachers' performance demonstrates a shared responsibility for:

A. Classroom rules and procedures resulting in effective use of instructional time	0	1	2
B. Effective management of classroom behavior	0	1	2
C. Promoting and modeling respectful interaction among the students, between teachers and students and between the co-teachers	0	1	2
D. Communicating high expectations for all students through support and encouragement	0	1	2
E. Ensuring that all students are engaged in meaningful work throughout the class time	0	1	2
F. Working with all students; the classroom environment would make it difficult to identify students with disabilities from their non-disabled peers	0	1	2

### CO-TEACHING OBSERVATION FORM con't.

0 - not observed

1 - somewhat evident

2 - clearly evident

#### III. INSTRUCTIONAL PRACTICES

During instruction, both teachers:

A. Use "we" and "us" instead of "I" and "my"	0	1	2
B. Are actively involved in the instruction of all students with communication and instruction flowing freely between the co-teachers	0	1	2
C. Use a variety of instructional strategies to promote the success of all students  individualized instruction grouping strategies (refer to Ways to Co-Teach Quick Reference listed below) manipulatives/technology projects peer teaching direct instruction other	0	1	2

### WAYS TO CO-TEACH QUICK REFERENCE

#### One Instructs, One Circulates (I,C)

Teacher A manages the overall classroom and oversees instruction. Teacher B circulates answering questions, getting the attention of students back on lesson, helping an individual, etc.

#### One Instructs, One Observes (I,O)

One teacher manages the overall classroom and oversees instruction. The other teacher plays a passive role, but is observing one student, a group of students or even the whole class for a specific purpose of gaining information and for a specific amount of time. This information will be analyzed together.

#### Rotation (R)

Students rotate through stations. Teacher A works at one station presenting information or an activity. Teacher B works at another station presenting different information or activity. One station is for independent work.

#### Parallel (P)

Co-teachers are both teaching the same information, but they divide the class.

#### Large Group, Small Group (L,S)

The class is divided. Teacher A instructs a large group in a planned lesson and Teacher B leads a small group in another lesson or the same lesson taught at a different level or for a different purpose.

#### Team (T)

Both teachers are active instructors. They work together to instruct the entire class. Conversation and presentation of the lesson flow seamlessly between the teachers.

## CO-TEACHING OBSERVATION FORM con't.

0 - not observed

1 - somewhat evident

2 - clearly evident

#### III. INSTRUCTIONAL PRACTICES

Observer's Signature and Date

During instruction, both teachers:

D. Provide guided practice (i.e. modeling note-taking during instruction)  E. Move about the classroom	0	1	2
E. Move about the classroom	0	4	
		1	2
F. Assist students with and without disabilities	0	1	2
G. Adapt the instruction to a variety of learning styles (visual, auditory, kinesthetic, tactile)	0	1	2
H. Know content of the lesson	0	1	2
I. Are comfortable with their presentation of the content	0	1	2
J. Group students with disabilities with their non-disabled peers	0	1	2
K. Re-teach students who need extra help	0	1	2
L. Provide materials that are adapted to meet individual student needs	0	1	2
M. Demonstrate appropriate pacing of instruction	0	1	2
N. Provide accommodations/modifications for students as needed	0	1	2
O. Ask a variety of questions using higher order thinking skills	0	1	2

The co-teachers use a variety of ongoing assessment strategies to fairly and accurately evaluate the real learning of the students. These may include:	0	1	2
☐ intervention activities to re-teach objectives ☐ group or individual questioning ☐ teacher-made and standardized quizzes/tests with appropriate adaptations and accommodations ☐ students working at the board ☐ written or oral assignments ☐ projects ☐ labs ☐ other			
Follow Up Conference and Signatures			
Teacher's Signature and Date  Teacher's Signature and I	Date		

## CO-TEACHING OBSERVATION FORM/INFORMAL (SIX IN SIX MINUTES)

Observer		Date		
Co-Teachers	Subject/	Period		
	☐ Middle of class period ☐ En			
·	1 - somewhat evident			
0 1101 00501 404	1 Dollowski evident			
I. Co-teachers have planned to	gether.	0	1	2
2. Teachers use "we" and/or "	us."	0	1	2
3. Both teachers are involved i	n instruction.	0	1	2
4. Students are engaged in lea	rning.	0	1	2
5. Both teachers work with all	students.	0	1	2
6. Ways to co-teach observed:				
One Instructs, One Cir	culates			
One Instructs, One Ob	serves			
Rotation				
Parallel				
Small Group, Large G	roup			
<b>Teaming</b>				
Additional Notes:				